FILED 2004 APR - 6 P 3: 34

GAYIDE WEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION, 2004

ENROLLED

FOR House Bill No. 4037

(By Delegates Williams, Renner, Perry, Tabb, Long, Paxton and Sumner)

Passed March 13, 2004

In Effect Ninety Days from Passage

2004 APR - 6 P 3: 34

CARLE VEST VIRGINIA
SECRETARY OF STATE

ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

H. B. 4037

(BY DELEGATES WILLIAMS, RENNER, PERRY, TABB, LONG, PAXTON AND SUMNER)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §49-5-17 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to providing certain juvenile justice records to public school officials and limiting disclosure of certain records.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §49-5-17 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. JUVENILE PROCEEDINGS.

§49-5-17. Confidentiality of juvenile records.

- 1 (a) Records of a juvenile proceeding conducted under this
- 2 chapter are not public records and shall not be disclosed to

- 3 anyone unless disclosure is otherwise authorized by this
- 4 section.
- 5 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this
- 6 section, a copy of a juvenile's records shall automatically be
- 7 disclosed to certain school officials, subject to the following
- 8 terms and conditions:
- 9 (1) Only the records of certain juveniles shall be disclosed.
- 10 These include and are limited to cases in which:
- 11 (A) The juvenile has been charged with an offense which:
- 12 (i) Involves violence against another person;
- (ii) Involves possession of a dangerous or deadly weapon;
- 14 or
- 15 (iii) Involves possession or delivery of a controlled sub-
- 16 stance as that term is defined in section one hundred one, article
- 17 one, chapter sixty-a of this code; and
- (B) The juvenile's case has proceeded to a point where one
- 19 or more of the following has occurred:
- 20 (i) A judge, magistrate or referee has determined that there
- 21 is probable cause to believe that the juvenile committed the
- 22 offense as charged;
- 23 (ii) A judge, magistrate or referee has placed the juvenile on
- 24 probation for the offense;
- 25 (iii) A judge, magistrate or referee has placed the juvenile
- 26 into an improvement period in accordance with section nine of
- 27 this article; or
- 28 (iv) Some other type of disposition has been made of the
- 29 case other than dismissal.

- 30 (2) The circuit court for each judicial circuit in West
- 31 Virginia shall designate one person to supervise the disclosure
- 32 of juvenile records to certain school officials.
- 33 (3) If the juvenile attends a West Virginia public school, the
- 34 person designated by the circuit court shall automatically
- 35 disclose all records of the juvenile's case to the county superin-
- 36 tendent of schools in the county in which the juvenile attends
- 37 school and to the principal of the school which the juvenile
- 38 attends, subject to the following:
- 39 (A) At a minimum, the records shall disclose the following
- 40 information:
- 41 (i) Copies of the arrest report;
- 42 (ii) Copies of all investigations;
- 43 (iii) Copies of any psychological test results and any mental
- 44 health records:
- 45 (iv) Copies of any evaluation reports for probation or
- 46 facility placement; and
- 47 (v) Any other material that would alert the school to
- 48 potential danger that the juvenile may pose to himself, herself
- 49 or others:
- 50 (B) The disclosure of the juvenile's psychological test
- 51 results and any mental health records shall only be made in
- 52 accordance with subdivision (14) of this subsection;
- 53 (C) If the disclosure of any record to be automatically
- 54 disclosed under this section is restricted in its disclosure by the
- 55 Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996
- and any amendments and regulations under the Act, the person
- 57 designated by the circuit court shall provide the superintendent

- and principal any notice of the existence of the record that is permissible under the Act and, if applicable, any action that is required to obtain the record; and
- 61 (D) When multiple disclosures are required by this subsec-62 tion, the person designated by the circuit court is required to 63 disclose only material in the juvenile record that had not 64 previously been disclosed to the county superintendent and the 65 principal of the school which the juvenile attends.
- (4) If the juvenile attends a private school in West Virginia,
 the person designated by the circuit court shall determine the
 identity of the highest ranking person at that school, and shall
 automatically disclose all records of a juvenile's case to that
 person.
- (5) If the juvenile does not attend school at the time the juvenile's case is pending, the person designated by the circuit court shall not transmit the juvenile's records to any school. However, the person designated by the circuit court shall transmit the juvenile's records to any school in West Virginia which the juvenile subsequently attends.
- 77 (6) The person designated by the circuit court shall not 78 automatically transmit juvenile records to a school which is not 79 located in West Virginia. Instead, the person designated by the circuit court shall contact the out-of-state school, inform it that 80 81 juvenile records exist, and make an inquiry regarding whether 82 the laws of that state permit the disclosure of juvenile records. 83 If so, the person designated by the circuit court shall consult 84 with the circuit judge who presided over the case to determine whether the juvenile records should be disclosed to the out-of-85 86 state school. The circuit judge shall have discretion in determin-87 ing whether to disclose the juvenile records, and shall consider 88 whether the other state's law regarding disclosure provides for 89 sufficient confidentiality of juvenile records, using this section

93

94

95

96

97

98

99

100101

102103

104

105

106107

108

109

110

111112

113

114

115

116

117

118

119

120

121

122

90 as a guide. If the circuit judge orders the juvenile records to be 91 disclosed, they shall be disclosed in accordance with the 92 provisions of subdivision (7) of this subsection.

- (7) The person designated by the circuit court shall transmit the juvenile's records to the appropriate school official under cover of a letter emphasizing the confidentiality of such records and directing the official to consult this section of the code. A copy of this section of the code shall be transmitted with the juvenile's records and cover letter.
- (8) Juvenile records must be treated as absolutely confidential by the school official to whom they are transmitted, and nothing contained within the juvenile's records shall be noted on the juvenile's permanent educational record. The juvenile records are to be maintained in a secure location and are not to be copied under any circumstances. However, the principal of a school to whom the records are transmitted shall have the duty to disclose the contents of those records to any teacher who teaches a class in which the subject juvenile is enrolled and to the regular driver of a school bus in which the subject juvenile is regularly transported to or from school, except that the disclosure of the juvenile's psychological test results and any mental health records shall only be made in accordance with subdivision (14) of this subsection. Furthermore, any school official to whom the juvenile's records are transmitted may disclose the contents of such records to any adult within the school system who, in the discretion of the school official, has the need to be aware of the contents of those records.
- (9) If for any reason a juvenile ceases to attend a school which possesses that juvenile's records, the appropriate official at that school shall seal the records and return them to the circuit court which sent them to that school. If the juvenile has changed schools for any reason, the former school shall inform the circuit court of the name and location of the new school

- 123 which the juvenile attends or will be attending. If the new 124 school is located within West Virginia, the person designated 125 by the circuit court shall forward the juvenile's records to the 126 juvenile's new school in the same manner as provided in 127 subdivision (7) of this subsection. If the new school is not 128 located within West Virginia, the person designated by the 129 circuit court shall handle the juvenile records in accordance 130 with subdivision (6) of this subsection.
- 131 If the juvenile has been found not guilty of an offense for 132 which records were previously forwarded to the juvenile's 133 school on the basis of a finding of probable cause, the circuit 134 court shall not forward those records to the juvenile's new 135 school. However, this shall not affect records related to other prior or future offenses. If the juvenile has graduated or quit 136 137 school, or will otherwise not be attending another school, the 138 circuit court shall retain the juvenile's records and handle them 139 as otherwise provided in this article.
- 140 (10) Under no circumstances shall one school transmit a 141 juvenile's records to another school.
- 142 (11) Under no circumstances shall juvenile records be 143 automatically transmitted to a college, university or other post-144 secondary school.
- 145 (12) No one shall suffer any penalty, civil or criminal, for 146 accidentally or negligently attributing certain juvenile records 147 to the wrong person. However, such person shall have the 148 affirmative duty to promptly correct any mistake that he or she 149 has made in disclosing juvenile records when the mistake is 150 brought to his or her attention. A person who intentionally 151 attributes false information to a certain person shall be sub-152 jected to both criminal and civil penalties, in accordance with 153 subsection (e) of this section.

154

155

156

157158

159

160

- (13) If a judge, magistrate or referee has determined that there is probable cause to believe that a juvenile has committed an offense but there has been no final adjudication of the charge, the records which are transmitted by the circuit court shall be accompanied by a notice which clearly states in bold print that there has been no determination of delinquency and that our legal system requires a presumption of innocence.
- 161 (14) The county superintendent shall designate the school 162 psychologist or psychologists to receive the juvenile's psycho-163 logical test results and any mental health records. The psycholo-164 gist designated shall review the juvenile's psychological test 165 results and any mental health records, and, in the psychologist's 166 professional judgement, may disclose to the principal of the 167 school that the juvenile attends and other school employees 168 who would have a need to know the psychological test results, 169 mental health records and any behavior that may trigger 170 violence or other disruptive behavior by the juvenile. Other 171 school employees includes, but is not limited to, any teacher 172 who teaches a class in which the subject juvenile is enrolled and 173 the regular driver of a school bus in which the subject juvenile 174 is regularly transported to or from school.
- 175 (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this 176 section, juvenile records may be disclosed, subject to the 177 following terms and conditions:
- 178 (1) If a juvenile case is transferred to the criminal jurisdic-179 tion of the circuit court pursuant to the provisions of subsection 180 (c) or (d), section ten of this article, the juvenile records shall be 181 open to public inspection.
- 182 (2) If a juvenile case is transferred to the criminal jurisdic-183 tion of the circuit court pursuant to the provisions of subsection 184 (e), (f) or (g), section ten of this article, the juvenile records 185 shall be open to public inspection only if the juvenile fails to

- file a timely appeal of the transfer order, or the supreme court of appeals refuses to hear or denies an appeal which has been timely filed.
- (3) If a juvenile is fourteen years of age or older and a court has determined there is a probable cause to believe the juvenile committed an offense set forth in subsection (g), section ten of this article, but the case is not transferred to criminal jurisdiction, the juvenile records shall be open to public inspection pending trial only if the juvenile is released on bond and no longer detained or adjudicated delinquent of the offense.
- 196 (4) If a juvenile is younger than fourteen years of age and 197 a court has determined there is probable cause to believe that 198 the juvenile committed the crime of murder under section one, 199 two or three, article two, chapter sixty-one of this code, or the 200 crime of sexual assault in the first degree under section three, 201 article eight-b of said chapter, but the case is not transferred to 202 criminal jurisdiction, the juvenile records shall be open to 203 public inspection pending trial only if the juvenile is released 204 on bond and no longer detained or adjudicated delinquent of the 205 offense.
- 206 (5) Upon a written petition and pursuant to a written order, 207 the circuit court may permit disclosure of juvenile records to:
- 208 (A) A court which has juvenile jurisdiction and has the 209 juvenile before it in a juvenile proceeding;
- 210 (B) A court exercising criminal jurisdiction over the 211 juvenile which requests such records for the purpose of a 212 presentence report or disposition proceeding;
- 213 (C) The juvenile, the juvenile's parents or legal guardian, 214 or the juvenile's counsel;

- 215 (D) The officials of a public institution to which the 216 juvenile is committed if they require such records for transfer, 217 parole or discharge; or
- 218 (E) A person who is conducting research. However, 219 juvenile records may be disclosed for research purposes only 220 upon the condition that information which would identify the 221 subject juvenile or the juvenile's family shall not be disclosed.
- 222 (d) Any records open to public inspection pursuant to the 223 provisions of this section are subject to the same requirements 224 governing the disclosure of adult criminal records.
- 225 (e) Any person who willfully violates this section is guilty 226 of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined 227 not more than one thousand dollars, or confined in the county 228 or regional jail for not more than six months, or both fined and 229 confined, and shall be liable for damages in the amount of three 230 hundred dollars or actual damages, whichever is greater.

/)
That Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the
foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.
Chairman Senate Committee
Hala Bulexo
Chairmán House Committee
Originating in the House.
In effect ninety days from passage.
Nassel Ello ha
Clerk of the Senate
Briggi de Say
Clerk of the House of Delegates
Carl By Tambeli
President of the Squate
A bursky
Speaker of the House of Delegates
. 1
The within COUCULA this the

PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR DATE 5/3/04
TIME 10:00